Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2021

with

Independent Auditor's Report

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Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Directors Alpine Mountain Ranch Metropolitan District Routt County, Colorado

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Alpine Mountain Ranch Metropolitan District as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Alpine Mountain Ranch Metropolitan District as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period
 of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Alpine Mountain Ranch Metropolitan District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Englewood, CO

September 25, 2022

Simmons Electraclar P.C.

ALPINE MOUNTAIN RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For Year Ended December 31, 2021

The management of Alpine Mountain Ranch Metropolitan District ("District") offers the readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Alpine Mountain Ranch Metropolitan District was established in 2006 as a special district to serve the needs of a residential planned development in Routt County, Colorado, generally known as Alpine Mountain Ranch & Club (the Development), which is owned and is being developed by Steamboat Alpine Development, LLC (the Developer). Infrastructure was completed for the Development in 2009 and was conveyed to the District in February 2011, at which time \$6,825,000 in special assessment bonds were issued by the Special Improvement District No. 1 ("SID1") to pay for a portion of the improvements that were transferred to the District.

On July 22, 2021 the 2011 Series Bonds were retired and new Special Assessment Bonds were issued by SID1 in the amount of \$3,424,000. In addition, a second Special Improvement District ("SID2") was formed which issued a second set of Special Assessment Bonds in the amount of \$4,175,000. The purpose of these bonds was to reduce the interest amount of the bonds from 9% to 4% as well as to finance needed capital improvements and make a payment toward Developer Debt. \$1,644,867.50 was transferred to the Capital Improvements Fund and a payment of \$2,000,000 was made to the Developer to accomplish these goals.

In addition to the bond proceeds, the Capital Projects Fund, which began the year with a balance of \$75,521, was further funded by a \$65k transfer in from the HOA. Funds were used to replace a Guardrail on Meadow Creek Drive and to begin the extension and completion of Rockledge Road, a project projected at \$1.2M scheduled to be completed by the end of 2022. Ending fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund was \$1,686,266.

In terms of Sales and Development, a positive trend which began in 2020 accelerated in 2021 with sales of 17 homesites and a market home on Lot 19 for a total of \$42 million in sales volume. Alpine Baster Builders, the construction arm of the development that was formed in 2020, completed the market home on Lot 19, which closed in May, and continued work on market homes on Lots 17 and 44, as well as several custom homes on behalf of owners within Alpine Mountain Ranch & Club. 8 water tap fees were purchased for an aggregate of \$147,930 and 2 new water users came online. The District is conservatively projecting 5 new taps and 2 new water users coming online in 2022.

Financial Statement Presentation

The activity presented in these financial statements represents all material activity for the District since its inception in 2006.

With the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34, a government's presentation of financial statements focuses on the government as a whole (government-wide) and on the major individual funds. Both perspectives allow the reader to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (year to year or government to government) and should enhance the readers' understanding of the District's financial condition.

Financial Highlights

- Developer Debt decreased \$2,000,000 in principal due to the payment from bond proceeds, and there was Developer Debt forgiveness of \$1,494,000 as part of the bond refinance.
- Bonds Payable Increased (\$2,914,551) to a year end balance of (\$7,217,527) due to the Bond refinance and issuance of new debt.
- 4 lots located in both SIDS exercised the early payoff option for bond assessments providing additional debt service revenue of \$613,698 with corresponding bond redemptions. Additional non-budgeted revenue came from transfer fees \$29k and processing fees for the early assessment collections \$9,120.
- General Fund Operating Expenses were lower than previous year by \$30,353 driven primarily by savings in snow removal of \$15k and legal fees of \$16k.
- General Fund finished with a year end fund balance of \$51,034, helped out by HOA contribution of \$90k.
- Water fund ended the year with an operating fund balance of \$55,572, with no HOA contributions, with the increase in revenue coming from a huge leap in water tap fees from \$27,360 previous year to \$147,930 in 2021. Water fund expenses were up (\$19k) from previous year due to (\$11,532) higher repair & maintenance costs and another (\$6,903) increases to water testing & treatment, operator services and utilities.

Overview of the Financial Statements

Management's discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements, presented on pages 1-25 are comprised of government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide and Proprietary Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements give readers a broad overview of the entire District's financial position and changes in financial position, similar to consolidated financial statements in a private sector business. These statements include the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position*.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in the net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are typically supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (Governmental Activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all of or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (Business-type Activities). The District has only the business-type activity of providing water services and receives property taxes as non-operating revenues.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents information that reflects how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in the net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The Statement of Cash Flows reports the District's cash flows from operating, non-capital financing, capital and investing activities.

The *Notes to Financial Statements* provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The *Notes to Financial Statements* can be found on pages 10-25 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

In order to enhance the analysis of the District's finances at the government-wide level, the information presented here includes a comparison of prior year data.

The Statement of Net Position and reviews of changes in assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and net position are condensed with comments and presented as follows:

Statement of Net Position

		Governme	Activities	Business-	ype	Activities	
		2021		2020	2021		2020
Current assets	\$	2,445,843	\$	841,769	\$ 59,425	\$	11,845
Capital assets (net of depreciation)		6,186,917		6,525,207	2,910,596		2,996,610
Total assets		8,632,760	-	7,366,976	2,970,021		3,008,455
Current liabilities		2,864,692		4,051,075	3,853		2,565
Long-term liabilities		9,203,997		8,195,299	-		-
Total liabilities		12,068,689		12,246,374	3,853		2,565
Deferred inflows of resources		46,435		7,880	-		-
Total deferred inflows of resour	ces	46,435	-	7,880	-		-
Net investment in capital assets		(3,329,430)		(1,960,649)	2,910,596		2,996,610
Restricted		590,021		740,780	-		-
Unrestricted		(742,955)	_	(3,667,409)	55,572		9,280
Total net position	\$	(3,482,364)	\$	(4,887,278)	\$ 2,966,168	\$	3,005,890

The District's Governmental Activities liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded its assets by (3,482,364) (net position). The restricted portion of net position represents emergency reserves as required by state statute as well as funds restricted for the payment of debt service costs. Net investment in capital assets represents the acquisition of capital assets for the provision of water services and roads, parks & trails. Due to the nature of these assets (long-term assets, which are not readily convertible to liquid assets) they are not considered to be available for spending or appropriation. The unrestricted portion of net assets represents funds available to cover capital improvements as well as general operating and water system expenses in future years.

Changes in Net Position

As taken from the *Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position* in the basic financial statements, the following table depicts the changes in net position for the fiscal year 2021:

		Governme	ntal .	Activities	Business-t	ype	Activities
		2021		2020	2021		2020
Charges for services	\$		\$		\$ 14,440	\$	12,807
Opertaing grants and contributions		90,000		72,500	-		12,500
Capital grants and contributions		65,000		103,900	147,930		27,360
Property taxes (net of fees)		8,209		7,671	-		-
Special assessments (net of fees)		1,295,364		954,524	-		-
Non-operating revenues		10,587		7,135	-		-
Total revenues		1,469,160	_	1,145,730	162,370		52,667
General government		1,536,230		1,346,849	-		
Water		-		-	224,108		205,003
Total expenses	_	1,536,230	_	1,346,849	224,108		205,003
Income before transfers and special Iter	ns	(67,070)		(201,119)	(61,738)		(152,336)
Transfers		(22,016)		15,000	22,016		(15,000)
Special Items:							
Forgiveness of debt		1,494,000		-	-		-
Change in net position		1,404,914		(186,119)	(39,722)		(167,336)
Total net position - beginning of year	_	(4,887,278)	_	(4,701,159)	3,005,890		3,173,226
Total net position - end of year	\$	(3,482,364)	\$	(4,887,278)	\$ 2,966,168	\$	3.005,890

Revenues - The majority of the District's revenues were realized from HOA contributions and special assessments. Additional revenues consisted of property taxes and water fees.

Expenses - The District's government-wide total expenses were from general government and water operations and from interest and depreciation expenses related to the acquisition of the capital assets.

Capital Asset Activity

Activity in Capital Assets in 2021 included a guardrail replacement, and engineering and design fees related to Water System upgrades and Rockledge Road extension. These unfinished projects are listed under Other Assets as Construction-In-Progress.

As of the end of 2021, the District's investment in capital assets (net of depreciation) was \$9,097,513.

Streets	\$4,853,961
Parks \$ Trails	\$1,255,571
Water System	\$1,457,580
Water Rights	\$1,376,000
Construction In Progress	\$ 154,401

Planned investment in Capital Assets in 2022 include \$247,000 in water system upgrades, an additional \$15,000 to complete the guardrail replacement, \$1,200,000 for the Rockledge Road extension and \$30,000 to add Well #5.

Long Term Debt

At the end of 2021, the District had bonds payable debt in the amount of \$7,217,527. Reimbursement obligation outstanding to the Developer, (subject to annual appropriation), is \$2,175,000 with associated accrued interest of \$2,517,756.

Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the District itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the District's Board.

The accounts of the District are organized into more detailed information about the District's most significant funds. Funds are groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives.

Proprietary finds - These funds are used to account for business-type activities and are measured similar to commercial business accounting. The District uses Enterprise Funds to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation and amortization) of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The District currently uses this type of fund for its Water Enterprise Fund.

Budgetary Highlights

The District prepares its budget on the modified accrual basis of accounting to recognize the fiscal impact of operations, non-operating revenue, and contributions. Depreciation expense is not reflected on the budget since it does not affect "funds available". This budgetary accounting is required by State statutes.

In 2021 General Fund expenditures were less than budget by \$39,172 and less than 2020 by 30,593. In the current year HOA contributions increased by \$17,500 from 2020.

Water fund expenditures were over budget (\$41,694) and higher than the prior year by (\$81,121) due to moving the water system upgrades from the Capital Project fund to the Water Fund (\$77,016) as well as a higher repairs & maintenance (\$10k) with additional increases to water testing & treatment, operator services and utilities. Water Fund Revenue was higher than the original budget by \$50k due to higher than projected water tap fees.

Next Year's Budget

In the 2022 fiscal year, the District has appropriated \$139,717 for general fund spending; \$191,310.46 for water fund spending and \$564,605 for debt service repayment, and \$1,812,590 for Capital Projects. These expenditures will be funded from property taxes, special assessments, water tap & service fees, interest income, HOA contributions and unappropriated surpluses.

Economic and Other Factors

The District's primary sources of revenue are HOA contributions and property taxes which are imposed upon all of the service area of the District. The District also charges a water user and water tap fees which are used for water operations and there is a water lease agreement with a neighboring development. In 2021 the single-family residence water user rate was \$220 per quarter. The water lease rate was \$764.69 per month. Water tap fees are calculated at \$2.00 per gross square foot of building area. Bond payments are funded by special assessments upon the properties located within the SID.

Water Operator Services

The District contracts with an independent water operator for the provision of water treatment, monitoring and system maintenance services. The District is billed monthly for these services, with the amount varying based on time and services required each month.

Request for Information

This report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Alpine Mountain Ranch Metropolitan District Leslie Monroe – District Accountant PO Box 773659 Steamboat Springs, CO 80477

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2021

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-Type Activities	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 64,640	\$ 59,425	\$ 124,065
Cash and investments - restricted	2,334,731	-	2,334,731
Property taxes receivable - current	37	-	37
Property taxes receivable - advance	46,435		46,435
Total Current Assets	2,445,843	59,425	2,505,268
CAPITAL ASSETS			
Nondepreciable	77,385	1,453,016	1,530,401
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	6,109,532	1,457,580	7,567,112
Total Capital Assets	6,186,917	2,910,596	9,097,513
Total Assets	8,632,760	2,970,021	11,602,781
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	74,950	3,853	78,803
Accrued interest payable	2,601,212	-	2,601,212
Bonds payable, due within one year	188,530		188,530
Total Current Liabilities	2,864,692	3,853	2,868,545
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES			
Bonds payable, net of current portion	9,203,997		9,203,997
Total Liabilities	12,068,689	3,853	12,072,542
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred property taxes	46,435		46,435
Total deferred inflows of resources	46,435		46,435
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	(3,329,430)	2,910,596	(418,834)
Restricted for:			
Emergency reserve	2,863	-	2,863
Debt service	587,158	-	587,158
Unrestricted	(742,955)	55,572	(687,383)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (3,482,364)	\$ 2,966,168	\$ (516,196)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Net (Expense) Revenue Program Revenues and Changes in Net Position Operating Capital Grants and Charges for Grants and Governmental Business-type Contributions Contributions Functions/Programs **Expenses** Services **Activities Activities** <u>Total</u> **Primary Government:** Governmental Activities: General government \$ 60,557 \$ 90,000 \$ 65,000 94,443 \$ 94,443 Interest and related costs on longterm debt 1,059,998 (1,059,998)(1,059,998)Depreciation 415,675 (415,675)(415,675)1,536,230 90,000 65,000 (1,381,230)(1,381,230)**Total Governmental Activities** Business-type Activities: 101,292 Water - operations 61,078 14,440 147,930 101,292 (163,030)Water - depreciation 163,030 (163,030)Total Business-type Activities 14,440 147,930 224,108 (61,738)(61,738)Total 1,760,338 (1,381,230)(1,442,968)14,440 90,000 212,930 (61,738)General Revenues: Property taxes (net of fees) 7,643 7,643 Specific ownership taxes 566 566 Special assessment (net of fees) 1,295,364 1,295,364 Interest income 1,467 1,467 Miscellaneous income 9,120 9,120 Transfer 22,016 (22,016)Total general revenues and transfers 1,292,144 22,016 1,314,160 Special Items: Forgiveness of debt 1,494,000 1,494,000 Total special items 1,494,000 1,494,000 Change in Net Position 1,404,914 (39,722)1,365,192 3,005,890 Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning (4,887,278)(1,881,388)Net Position (Deficit) - Ending 2,966,168

\$ (3,482,364)

(516,196)

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2021

ACCETC		<u>General</u>		Debt <u>Service</u>		Capital Projects	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS Cook and investments	¢	64.640	¢		¢		φ	64.640
Cash and investments	\$	64,640	\$	507.150	\$	1 744 710	\$	64,640
Cash and investments - restricted		2,863		587,158		1,744,710		2,334,731
Cash with county treasurer Property taxes receivable		37 46,435		-		-		37 46,435
1 Toperty taxes receivable		то,тээ				<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	113,975	<u>\$</u>	587,158	<u>\$</u>	1,744,710	\$	2,445,843
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	16,506	\$	-	\$	58,444	\$	74,950
• •		16.506						
Total Liabilities		16,506				58,444		74,950
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred property taxes		46,435						46,435
		40,433				<u>-</u>		40,433
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		46,435						46,435
FUND BALANCES: Restricted:								
Emergencies		2,863		_		_		2,863
Debt service		2,003		587,158		_		587,158
Capital projects		_		-		1,686,266		1,686,266
Unreserved		48,171		_		-		48,171
		<u> </u>						<u> </u>
Total Fund Balance		51,034		587,158		1,686,266		2,324,458
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	113,975	<u>\$</u>	587,158	<u>\$</u>	1,744,710		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the	staten	nent of net po	ositio	on are differen	nt be	cause:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are	e not f	inancial						
resources and, therefore, are not reported in								6,186,917
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the	the cu	rrent period	and,					
Bonds payable								(7,217,527)
Accrued interest on bonds payable								(83,456)
Developer advance payable								(2,175,000)
Accrued interest on developer advance								(2.517.756)

Accrued interest on developer advance

Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities

(2,517,756)

\$ (3,482,364)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Property laxes		<u>General</u>	Debt <u>Service</u>	Capital Projects	<u>Total</u>
Ownership taxes 566 - 566 HOA contribution 99,000 - 65,000 155,000 Special assessments - 1,304,364 - 1,304,364 Interest income 31 1,260 176 1,467 Miscellanucos income 9,120 - - 9,120 Total Revenues 107,597 1,305,624 65,176 1,478,397 EXPENDITURES General expenses - - 13,808 Accounting 13,808 - - 4,700 Dues / subscriptions 798 - - 798 Election expense - - - - 1,800 Office subplies 1,585 - - 1,855 - - 1,800 - 1,855 - 1,855 - - 1,800 - - 1,230 - - 1,230 - - 1,230 - - 1,230 - - -	REVENUES				
HOA contribution 90,000 155,000 Special assessments 1,304,364 1,304,364 1,407,304,364 1,407,304,364 1,407,304,364 1,407,304,364 1,407,304,364 1,407,304,304 1,407,307,305,624 65,176 1,478,397 1,305,624 65,176 1,478,397 1,305,624 65,176 1,478,397 1,305,624 65,176 1,478,397 1,305,624 65,176 1,478,397 1,305,624 65,176 1,478,397 1,305,624 65,176 1,478,397 1,305,624 65,176 1,478,397 1,305,624 65,176 1,478,397 1,305,624 65,176 1,478,397 1,305,624 65,176 1,478,397 1,305,624 1,305	Property taxes	\$ 7,880	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,880
Special assessments 1,304,364 1,304,364 1,304,364 1,66 1,467 1,467 1,467 1,467 1,467 1,467 1,467 1,467 1,467 1,467 1,478,397 Total Revenues 107,597 1,305,624 65,176 1,478,397 EXPENDITURES General expenses: Accounting 13,808 - - 13,808 - 4,700 - 4,700 - 4,700 - 4,700 - 4,700 - - 7,98 - - 798 - - 7,98 - - 7,98 - - 7,98 - - 7,98 - - 7,98 - - 7,98 - - 7,98 - - 1,585 - - 1,585 - - 1,585 - - 1,585 - - 1,580 - - 1,580 - - 1,580 - -	Ownership taxes	566	-	-	566
Interest income 3,1 1,260 176 1,467 Miscellanueos income 9,120 -	HOA contribution	90,000	-	65,000	155,000
Miscellanueos income 9,120 — 9,120 Total Revenues 107,597 1,305,624 65,176 1,478,397 EXPENDITURES General expenses: — — 13,808 — — 13,808 Audit 4,700 — — 4,709 — — 798 Election expense — — — — 798 — — 798 — — — 798 — — 798 —	Special assessments	-	1,304,364	-	1,304,364
Total Revenues 107,597 1,305,624 65,176 1,478,397	Interest income	31	1,260	176	1,467
EXPENDITURES General expenses: Accounting	Miscellanueos income	9,120			9,120
Ceneral expenses: Accounting 13,808 - 13,808 Audit 4,700 - 4,700 Dues / subscriptions 798 - 798 Election expense -	Total Revenues	107,597	1,305,624	65,176	1,478,397
Accounting 13,808 - 13,808 Audit 4,700 - - 4,700 Dues / subscriptions 798 - - 798 Election expense - - - - - - 798 Election expense - <td< td=""><td>EXPENDITURES</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	EXPENDITURES				
Audit 4,700 - 4,700 Dues / subscriptions 798 - 798 Election expense 7,599,000 Office supplies 1,585 Insurance 5,300 - 5,300 Legal 12,390 - 12,390 Consulting 12,390 Consulting 12,390 Consulting 12,390 Consulting 12,390 Road repairs 12,976 Road repairs 12,000 Bond principal 4,684,449 - 4,684,449 Bond interest - 303,042 - 303,042 Paying agent fees - 2,000 - 2,000 Bond issuance costs - 413,985 - 413,985 Developer note repayment - 2,000,000 Capital projects: Capital outlay 7,385 - 7,385 Total Expenditures - 60,794 - 7,412,476 - 77,385 - 7,550,655 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES - 46,803 - 6,106,852 - 7,599,000 Transfers (to) from other funds - 2,000 - 1,622,954 - 7,599,000 Transfers (to) from other funds - 2,000 - 1,622,954 - 7,576,984 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - 44,803 - 1,610,745 - 1,504,726 FUND BALANCES: BEGINNING OF YEAR - 6,231 - 737,980 - 75,521 - 819,732	General expenses:				
Dues / subscriptions 798	Accounting	13,808	-	-	13,808
Election expense	Audit	4,700	_	-	4,700
Election expense	Dues / subscriptions	798	_	-	798
Office supplies		-	_	_	_
Insurance	-	1,585	-	_	1,585
Legal		-	-	_	-
Consulting - - - - Meetings - - - - Snow renoval 21,976 - - 21,976 Road repairs - - - - - Treasurers Fees 237 9,000 - 9,237 Debt service: Bond principal - 4,684,449 - 4,684,449 Bond principal - 4,684,449 - 4,684,449 Bond interest - 303,042 - 303,042 Paying agent fees - 2,000 - 2,000 Bond interest - 2,000 - 2,000 Bond issuance costs - 413,985 - 413,985 Developer note repayment - 2,000,000 - 2,000,000 Capital outlay - - 7,385 77,385 Total Expenditures 60,794 7,412,476 77,385 7,550,655 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	Legal			_	
Meetings - - - 21,976 Snow renoval 21,976 - - 21,976 Road repairs - - - - - Treasurers Fees 237 9,000 - 9,237 Debt service: Bond principal - 4,684,449 - 4,684,449 Bond interest - 303,042 - 303,042 Paying agent fees - 2,000 - 2,000 Bond issuance costs - 413,985 - 413,985 Developer note repayment - 2,000,000 - 2,000,000 Capital projects: Capital outlay - 77,385 77,385 Total Expenditures 60,794 7,412,476 77,385 7,550,655 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 46,803 (6,106,852) (12,209) (6,072,258) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Bond proceeds - 7,599,000 - 7,599,000 Total Other Financing	_	, -	_	_	<u>-</u>
Snow renoval 21,976 - 21,976 Road repairs - - - - Treasurers Fees 237 9,000 - 9,237 Debt service: - - 4,684,449 - 4,684,449 Bond principal - 4,684,449 - 4,684,449 Bond interest - 2,000 - 2,000 Paying agent fees - 2,000 - 2,000 Bond issuance costs - 413,985 - 413,985 Developer note repayment - 2,000,000 - 2,000,000 Capital projects: - - - 77,385 77,385 Total Expenditures 60,794 7,412,476 77,385 7,550,655 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES - 7,599,000 - 7,599,000 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - 7,599,000 - 7,599,000 Transfers (to) from other funds (2,000) 5,956,030 1,622,954		_	_	_	_
Road repairs - 9,237 - - 9,237 - - 9,237 - - 9,237 - - 9,237 - - 9,237 - - 9,237 - - - 9,237 - - - 4,684,449 - 4,684,449 Bond of pond interest - 2,000 - 2,000 - 2,000 - 2,000 - 2,000 - 2,000 - 2,000 - 2,000 - 2,000 - 2,000 - 2,000 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	_	21,976	_	_	21,976
Treasurers Fees 237 9,000 - 9,237 Debt service: Bond principal - 4,684,449 - 4,684,449 Bond interest - 303,042 - 303,042 Paying agent fees - 2,000 - 2,000 Bond issuance costs - 413,985 - 413,985 Developer note repayment - 2,000,000 - 2,000,000 Capital projects: Capital outlay - - 77,385 77,385 Total Expenditures 60,794 7,412,476 77,385 7,550,655 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 46,803 (6,106,852) (12,209) (6,072,258) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 7,599,000 - 7,599,000 - 7,599,000 Transfers (to) from other funds (2,000) (1,642,970) 1,622,954 (22,016) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (2,000) 5,956,030 1,622,954 7,576,984 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES:		_	_	_	, -
Debt service: Bond principal - 4,684,449 - 4,684,449 Bond principal - 303,042 - 303,042 Paying agent fees - 2,000 - 2,000 Bond issuance costs - 413,985 - 413,985 Developer note repayment - 2,000,000 - 2,000,000 Capital projects: - - - 77,385 77,385 Total Expenditures 60,794 7,412,476 77,385 7,550,655 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 46,803 (6,106,852) (12,209) (6,072,258) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Bond proceeds Transfers (to) from other funds - 7,599,000 (2,000) - 7,599,000 (22,016) - 7,599,000 (22,016) - 7,599,000 (22,016) - 7,599,000 - 7,599,000 - 7,599,000 - 7,599,000 - 7,599,000 - 7,599,000 - 7,599,000 - 7,599,000 - 7,599,000 -		237	9,000	_	9,237
Bond principal - 4,684,449 - 4,684,449 Bond interest - 303,042 - 303,042 Paying agent fees - 2,000 - 2,000 Bond issuance costs - 413,985 - 413,985 Developer note repayment - 2,000,000 - 2,000,000 Capital projects: - 77,385 77,385 Total Expenditures 60,794 7,412,476 77,385 7,550,655 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 46,803 (6,106,852) (12,209) (6,072,258) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Bond proceeds Transfers (to) from other funds - 7,599,000 - 7,599,000 - 7,599,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (2,000) (1,642,970) 1,622,954 (22,016) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 44,803 (150,822) 1,610,745 1,504,726 FUND BALANCES: BEGINNING OF YEAR 6,231 737,980 75,521 819,732			. ,		-,
Bond interest - 303,042 - 303,042 Paying agent fees - 2,000 - 2,000 Bond issuance costs - 413,985 - 413,985 Developer note repayment - 2,000,000 - 2,000,000 Capital projects: Capital outlay - - - 77,385 77,385 Total Expenditures 60,794 7,412,476 77,385 7,550,655 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 46,803 (6,106,852) (12,209) (6,072,258) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Bond proceeds - 7,599,000 - 7,599,000 Transfers (to) from other funds (2,000) (1,642,970) 1,622,954 (22,016) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (2,000) 5,956,030 1,622,954 7,576,984 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 44,803 (150,822) 1,610,745 1,504,726 FUND BALANCES: BEGINNING OF YEAR 6,231 737,980 75,521 819,732		_	4.684.449	_	4,684,449
Paying agent fees - 2,000 - 2,000 Bond issuance costs - 413,985 - 413,985 Developer note repayment - 2,000,000 - 2,000,000 Capital projects: Capital outlay - - - 77,385 77,385 Total Expenditures 60,794 7,412,476 77,385 7,550,655 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES 0VER EXPENDITURES 46,803 (6,106,852) (12,209) (6,072,258) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Bond proceeds - 7,599,000 - 7,599,000 Transfers (to) from other funds (2,000) (1,642,970) 1,622,954 (22,016) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (2,000) 5,956,030 1,622,954 7,576,984 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 44,803 (150,822) 1,610,745 1,504,726 FUND BALANCES: BEGINNING OF YEAR 6,231 737,980 75,521 819,732		_		_	
Bond issuance costs - 413,985 - 413,985 Developer note repayment - 2,000,000 - 2,000,000 Capital projects: Capital outlay - - 77,385 77,385 Total Expenditures 60,794 7,412,476 77,385 7,550,655 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 46,803 (6,106,852) (12,209) (6,072,258) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Bond proceeds Transfers (to) from other funds - 7,599,000 - 7,599,000 Transfers (to) from other funds (2,000) (1,642,970) 1,622,954 (22,016) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (2,000) 5,956,030 1,622,954 7,576,984 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 44,803 (150,822) 1,610,745 1,504,726 FUND BALANCES: BEGINNING OF YEAR 6,231 737,980 75,521 819,732		_	•	_	-
Developer note repayment - 2,000,000 - 2,000,000 Capital projects: Capital outlay - - - 77,385 77,385 Total Expenditures 60,794 7,412,476 77,385 7,550,655 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 46,803 (6,106,852) (12,209) (6,072,258) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Bond proceeds Transfers (to) from other funds - 7,599,000 - 7,599,000 Transfers (to) from other funds (2,000) (1,642,970) 1,622,954 (22,016) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (2,000) 5,956,030 1,622,954 7,576,984 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 44,803 (150,822) 1,610,745 1,504,726 FUND BALANCES: BEGINNING OF YEAR 6,231 737,980 75,521 819,732	, , ,	_	•	_	
Capital outlay - - 77,385 77,385 Total Expenditures 60,794 7,412,476 77,385 7,550,655 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 46,803 (6,106,852) (12,209) (6,072,258) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Bond proceeds Transfers (to) from other funds - 7,599,000 - 7,599,000 Transfers (to) from other funds (2,000) (1,642,970) 1,622,954 (22,016) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (2,000) 5,956,030 1,622,954 7,576,984 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 44,803 (150,822) 1,610,745 1,504,726 FUND BALANCES: BEGINNING OF YEAR 6,231 737,980 75,521 819,732	Developer note repayment	-	· ·	-	•
Total Expenditures 60,794 7,412,476 77,385 7,550,655 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 46,803 (6,106,852) (12,209) (6,072,258) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Bond proceeds - 7,599,000 - 7,599,000 Transfers (to) from other funds (2,000) (1,642,970) 1,622,954 (22,016) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (2,000) 5,956,030 1,622,954 7,576,984 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 44,803 (150,822) 1,610,745 1,504,726 FUND BALANCES: BEGINNING OF YEAR 6,231 737,980 75,521 819,732	1 1 2				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 46,803 (6,106,852) (12,209) (6,072,258) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Bond proceeds Transfers (to) from other funds (2,000) (1,642,970) 1,622,954 (22,016) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES FUND BALANCES: BEGINNING OF YEAR 6,231 737,980 75,521 819,732	Capital outlay			77,385	77,385
OVER EXPENDITURES 46,803 (6,106,852) (12,209) (6,072,258) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 5000 1000 <	Total Expenditures	60,794	7,412,476	77,385	7,550,655
Bond proceeds - 7,599,000 - 7,599,000 Transfers (to) from other funds (2,000) (1,642,970) 1,622,954 (22,016) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (2,000) 5,956,030 1,622,954 7,576,984 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 44,803 (150,822) 1,610,745 1,504,726 FUND BALANCES: BEGINNING OF YEAR 6,231 737,980 75,521 819,732	,	46,803	(6,106,852)	(12,209)	(6,072,258)
Transfers (to) from other funds (2,000) (1,642,970) 1,622,954 (22,016) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (2,000) 5,956,030 1,622,954 7,576,984 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 44,803 (150,822) 1,610,745 1,504,726 FUND BALANCES: BEGINNING OF YEAR 6,231 737,980 75,521 819,732	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (2,000) 5,956,030 1,622,954 7,576,984 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 44,803 (150,822) 1,610,745 1,504,726 FUND BALANCES: BEGINNING OF YEAR 6,231 737,980 75,521 819,732	1	_		-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 44,803 (150,822) 1,610,745 1,504,726 FUND BALANCES: BEGINNING OF YEAR 6,231 737,980 75,521 819,732	Transfers (to) from other funds	(2,000	(1,642,970)	1,622,954	(22,016)
FUND BALANCES: 6,231 737,980 75,521 819,732	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,000	5,956,030	1,622,954	7,576,984
BEGINNING OF YEAR 6,231 737,980 75,521 819,732	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	44,803	(150,822)	1,610,745	1,504,726
		6,231	737,980	75,521	819,732

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - Total governmental funds

\$ 1,504,726

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation expense the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful lives of the asset. Therefore, this is the amount of capital outlay, net of depreciation, in the current period.

Capital outlay 77,385

Depreciation expense (415,675)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on the net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.

Bond proceeds	(7,599,000)
Bond principal payment	4,684,449
Forgiveness of debt	1,494,000
Developer note repayment	2,000,000

Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrued interest on developer advances (290,287)
Accrued interest on bonds payable (50,684)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 1,404,914

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND December 31, 2021

ASSETS	
CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 59,425
Total Current Assets	 59,425
CAPITAL ASSETS	
Capital assets, not depreciated	1,453,016
Capital assets, being depreciated	3,242,804
Capital assets - accumulated depreciation	 (1,785,224)
Total Capital Assets	 2,910,596
Total Assets	 2,970,021
LIABILITIES	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	 3,853
Total Current Liabilities	 3,853
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	2,910,596
Unrestricted	 55,572
Total Net Position	\$ 2,966,168

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

OPERATING REVENUES	
Program revenue	\$ 14,440
Total Operating Revenues	 14,440
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Depreciation	163,030
Augmentation	4,350
Legal	4,157
Utilities	9,870
Water operator services	21,778
Repairs and maintenance	15,536
Water testing	1,387
Water treatment	 4,000
Total Operating Expenses	 224,108
INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS	 (209,668)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Tap fees	147,930
Transfers from other funds	 22,016
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	 169,946
NET INCOME - CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(39,722)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 3,005,890
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,966,168

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Receipts from customers	\$	14,440
Payments to suppliers		(59,790)
Net Cash Provided (Required) by Operating Activities		(45,350)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	S:	
HOA Contribution		-
Tap fees		147,930
Capital outlay		(77,016)
Transfers to other funds		22,016
Net Cash Provided (Required) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		92,930
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		47,580
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	11,845
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	59,425
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PRO	OVI	DED
(REQUIRED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income (loss) from operations	\$	(209,668)
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO		, , ,
NET CASH PROVIDED (REQUIRED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Depreciation		163,030
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		102,030
Accounts payable		1,288
Net Adjustments		164,318
Net Aujustinents		107,310
NET CASH PROVIDED (REQUIRED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(45,350)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

	-	ginal and		<u>Actual</u>	Fa	'ariance avorable favorable)
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$	7,880	\$	7,880	\$	-
Ownership taxes		300		566		266
HOA contribution		90,000		90,000		-
Interest income		-		31		31
Miscellanueos income				9,120		9,120
Total Revenues		98,180		107,597		9,417
EXPENDITURES						
Accounting		18,000		13,808		4,192
Audit		4,700		4,700		-
Dues / subscriptions		400		798		(398)
Election expense		350		-		350
Office supplies		700		1,585		(885)
Insurance		7,000		5,300		1,700
Legal		10,000		12,390		(2,390)
Consulting		4,000		-		4,000
Meetings		-		-		-
Snow renoval		46,000		21,976		24,024
Road repairs		-		-		-
Treasurers Fees		236		237		(1)
Emergency Reserve		8,580		<u>-</u>		8,580
Total Expenditures		99,966		60,794		39,172
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER	_					
EXPENDITURES		(1,786)		46,803		48,589
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers (to) from other funds		(2,000)		(2,000)		
Total Other Financial Sources (Uses)		(2,000)	_	(2,000)		<u>-</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(3,786)		44,803		48,589
FUND BALANCE:						
BEGINNING OF YEAR		5,786		6,231		445
END OF YEAR	\$	2,000	\$	51,034	\$	49,034

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Alpine Mountain Ranch Metropolitan District, ("District"), located in Routt County, Colorado ("County"); conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant policies consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements.

Definition of Reporting Entity

The District was organized on December 12, 2006, as a quasi-municipal organization established under the State of Colorado Special District Act. The District was established to finance and construct certain public infrastructure improvements that benefit the residents and taxpayers of the District. The District's primary revenues are HOA contributions and Special Assessments. The District is governed by an elected Board of Directors.

On February 4, 2011, the District authorized the creation of Alpine Mountain Ranch Metropolitan District, Special Improvement District No. 1 (the "SID"), for the purpose of financing, acquiring, constructing and installing certain infrastructure improvements. A special improvement district is not an independent governmental entity; rather it is a geographical division of the special district created for the purpose of financing costs of improvements and assessing the costs against the property specially benefiting from such improvements. Special improvement districts have no governing body, officers or governmental powers. The SID is included and presented as a blended component unit of the District, included in the debt service fund.

On July 14, 2012, the District authorized the creation of Alpine Mountain Ranch Metropolitan District, Special Improvement District No. 2 ("SID No. 2"), for the purpose of financing, acquiring, constructing and installing certain infrastructure improvements. A special improvement district is not an independent governmental entity; rather it is a geographical division of the special district created for the purpose of financing costs of improvements and assessing the costs against the property specially benefiting from such improvements. Special improvement districts have no governing body, officers or governmental powers. The SID is included and presented as a blended component unit of the District, included in the debt service fund.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the activities of the District, which is legally separate and financially independent of other state and local governments. The District follows the GASB pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB sets forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency. The pronouncements also require including a possible component unit if it would be misleading to exclude it.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization. The District has no component units as defined by GASB.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are presented per GASB No. 34.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. *Governmental activities*, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and the (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes and special assessments are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are collected.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The material sources of revenue subject to accrual are property taxes and interest. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is paid.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal, interest and other debt related costs.

Capital Projects Fund – The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other assets.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

The District reports the following major proprietary funds:

<u>Proprietary Fund</u> - The Proprietary Fund accounts for the activities associated with providing water services to the property of the District.

The Proprietary Funds account for the operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's ongoing operations. Operating revenues consist of charges to customers for services provided. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses or capital contributions. The District's proprietary fund consists of the Water Enterprise Fund.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of GASB. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to the same limitation. The District has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a non-GAAP basis for the governmental funds. In accordance with the State Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall of each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end.

Total expenditures in the District's Proprietary Fund exceeded appropriations by \$41,694, which may be a violation of State Budget Law. The District's counsel has advised that a board meeting is being scheduled at which time the District's total appropriations in the Capital Projects Fund will be amended from \$96,400 to \$138,094.

Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers cash deposits with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position:

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The District's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The District estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments at December 31, 2021, does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments for the government are reported at fair value.

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a minimum number of bank accounts. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the District management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Special Assessments

Special assessments are levied against the properties in the SID in order to repay the Series 2021 Bonds. Property owners have the option to pay the special assessment in full or in installments. The installments accrue interest at 9% per annum and are paid annually to the County treasurer which includes principal and interest commencing with tax year 2011 and continuing each year thereafter through 2030. The original Special Assessment amount was \$175,000 per lot on a total of 39 lots. During 2021, the special assessments were amended to extend the amortization of the special assessments through calendar year 2040, amend the unpaid special assessment amount to \$103,757.58 and amend the interest to 4.314% per annum. As of 2021, eight homeowners within the District have exercised their right to prepay in full the remaining balance of the Special Assessment attached to their lots. The lots have been subsequently released of the Special Assessment lien by the District.

Special assessments are levied against the properties in SID No. 2 in order to repay the Series 2021 Bonds. Property owners have the option to pay the special assessment in full or in installments. The installments accrue interest at 4.403% per annum and are paid annually to the County treasurer which includes principal and interest commencing with tax year 2022 and continuing each year thereafter through 2040. The SID No. 2 Special Assessment amount was \$86,979 per lot on a total of 48 lots. As of 2021, two homeowners within the District have exercised their right to prepay in full the remaining balance of the Special Assessment attached to their lots. The lots have been subsequently released of the Special Assessment lien by the District.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has no items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one type of item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Deferred property taxes are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of the donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable using the straight-line method. Depreciation on property that will remain assets of the District is reported on the Statement of Activities as a current charge.

Improvements that will be conveyed to other governmental entities are classified as construction in progress and are not depreciated. Land and certain landscaping improvements are not depreciated.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Streets 20 years
Parks, equipment 20 years
Water system 20 years

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayers' election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in July or August and the sales of the resultant tax liens on delinquent properties are generally held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows in the year they are levied and measurable since they are not normally available nor are they budgeted as a resource until the subsequent year. The deferred property taxes are recorded as revenue in the subsequent year when they are available or collected.

Property owners within the boundaries of the District have been assessed \$46,435 for 2021. Since these taxes are not normally available to the District until 2022, they are classified as deferred income until 2022.

The District will incur ongoing operations and maintenance expenses associated with its continuing activities. Pursuant to the service plan, the District may impose an aggregate mill levy not permitted to exceed 55.000 mills (Gallagherized).

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and for proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of any bond premium or discount where applicable.

Fund Equity

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form (such as inventory or prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance includes amounts restricted for a specific purpose by external parties such as grantors, bondholders, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The restricted fund balance in the General Fund represents Emergency Reserves that have been provided as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado. A total of \$2,863 of the General Fund balance has been restricted in compliance with this requirement.

The restricted fund balance in the Debt Service Fund in the amount of \$587,158 is restricted for the payment of the debt service costs associated with the Special Assessment Revenue Bonds, Series 2021 for the SID and SID No. 2 (see Note 4).

The restricted fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund in the amount of \$1,686,266 is restricted for the payment of the costs for capital improvements within the District.

Committed Fund Balance

The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance

Assigned fund balance includes amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District's Board of Directors or by an official or body to which the Board of Directors delegates the authority.

Unassigned Fund Balance

Unassigned fund balance includes amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund, all funds can report negative amounts.

For the classification of Governmental Fund balances, the District considers an expenditure to be made from the most restrictive first when more than one classification is available.

Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The District reports three categories of net position, as follows:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> – consists of net capital assets, except for construction in progress, reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

<u>Restricted net position</u> – net position is considered restricted if their use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> – consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the District.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District will use the most restrictive net position first.

Note 2: Cash and Investments

As of December 31, 2021, cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net position:

Cash and investments	\$	124,065
Cash and investments - Restricted		2,334,731
Total	\$:	2,458,796

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2021, consist of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 287,000
Investments – UMB Bank	 2,171,796
	\$ 2,458,796

Deposits:

Custodial Credit Risk

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act, ("PDPA") requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. State regulators determine eligibility. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits. The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

The District does not have a formal policy for deposits; however, it follows state statutes for deposits. None of the District's deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

Investments:

Investment Valuation

Certain investments are measured at fair value within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District's investment is not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy. This investment's value is calculated using the amortized cost method.

As of December 31, 2021, the District had the following investments:

MSILF Government Portfolio Fund

During 2021, the debt service money and a portion of the bond proceeds to be used for construction that was included in the trust accounts at UMB Bank ("UMB"), was invested in the MSILF Government Portfolio Fund. The portfolio is a money market fund and each share is equal to \$1.00. The fund is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. It invests exclusively in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. The average maturity of the underlying securities is 14 days or less. As of December 31, 2021, the District had \$2,171,796 invested in the Fund.

Credit Risk

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however the District follows state statutes regarding investments. Colorado statutes specify the types of investments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest. These investments include obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Government agency entities, certain money market funds, guaranteed investment contracts, and local government investment pools.

Custodial and Concentration of Credit Risk

None of the District's investments are subject to custodial or concentration of credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

Note 3: <u>Capital Assets</u>

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2021, follows:

	Balance 01-01-21	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12-31-21
Governmental Type Activities:	01 01 21	TIGGRISTE	Beletions	
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Construction in progress	\$ -	\$ 77,385	\$ -	\$ 77,385
Total capital assets not being depreciated:	<u>φ -</u> -	77,385	φ -	77,385
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Streets	\$ 7,878,316	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,878,316
Parks, equipment	2,790,155			2,790,155
Total capital assets being depreciated:	10,668,471	-	-	10,668,471
Accumulated depreciation:				
Streets	(2,748,188)	(276,167)	-	(3,024,355)
Parks, equipment	(1,395,076)	(139,508)		(1,534,584)
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,143,264)	(415,675)		(4,558,939)
Net capital assets being depreciated:	6,525,207	(415,675)		6,109,532
Government type assets, net	\$ 6,525,207	\$ (338,290)	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 6,186,917
Business Type Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Water rights	\$ 1,376,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,376,000
Construction in progress	<u> </u>	77,016		77,016
Total capital assets not being depreciated:	1,376,000	77,016		1,453,016
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Water system	3,242,804	_	_	3,242,804
Total capital assets being depreciated:	3,242,804			3,242,804
Accumulated depreciation:				
Water systerm	(1,622,194)	(163,030)		(1,785,224)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,622,194)	(163,030)		(1,785,224)
Net capital assets being depreciated:	1,620,610	(163,030)		1,457,580
Business type assets, net	\$ 2,996,610 - 20 -	\$ (86,014)	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 2,910,596

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Streets	\$ 276,167
Parks	139,508
Total depreciation expense -	
governmental activities	\$ 415,675
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 163,030
Total depreciation expense –	
business type activities	<u>\$ 163,030</u>

The District will retain all capital assets. The District is responsible for all maintenance and repair costs. The Homeowners' Association within the District has agreed to contribute funds as necessary in order to insure the District meets its responsibilities in maintaining the capital assets.

Note 4: Long Term Debt

The following is an analysis of changes in long-term debt for the government fund activity for the period ending December 31, 2021:

	Balance 1/1/2021	Additions	Retirements	Balance 12/31/2021	Current Portion Due
Governmental Funds:					
General Obligation Bonds					
Special Assessment Revenue Bonds -					
Series 2011	\$ 4,302,976	\$ -	\$ 4,302,976	\$ -	\$ -
Special Assessment Revenue Bonds -					
Series 2021 - SID #1	-	3,424,000	207,515	3,216,485	108,030
Special Assessment Revenue Bonds -					
Series 2021 - SID #2		4,175,000	173,958	4,001,042	80,500
Total General Obligation Bonds	4,302,976	7,599,000	4,684,449	7,217,527	188,530
Other - Developer Advances					
Developer Advance - Facilities					
Acquisition	4,175,000		2,000,000	2,175,000	
Total Other - Developer Advances	4,175,000		2,000,000	2,175,000	-
Total Long-term debt	\$ 8,477,976	\$7,599,000	\$ 6,684,449	\$ 9,392,527	\$ 188,530

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

A description of the long-term obligations as of December 31, 2021, is as follows:

<u>Special Assessment Revenue Bonds, Series 2011</u> — On February 10, 2011, the District issued \$6,825,000 of Special Assessment Revenue Bonds, Series 2011 ("the Bonds"), dated February 10, 2011, for the purpose of financing the acquisition of public infrastructure specially benefiting property within the District. During 2021, the Bonds were currently refunded by the Special Assessment Revenue Bonds, Series 2021 – SID #1. The bonds bore interest at the rate of 9%, payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1, which commenced on June 1, 2011. The bonds were subject to a mandatory sinking fund redemption which commenced on December 1, 2011.

The Bonds were payable solely from and to the extent of (a) the Special Assessments from the SID fund and (b) any other legally available moneys that the District determines to use for payment. The ad valorem property tax was not pledged to the payment of the Bonds and the Bond holders do not have any claim to such revenue.

<u>Special Assessment Revenue Bonds, Series 2021 – SID #1 –</u> On July 22, 2021, the District issued \$3,424,000 of Special Assessment Revenue Bonds, Series 2021 ("the SID #1 Bonds"), for the purpose of refunding the Series 2011 Bonds. The SID #1 Bonds bear interest at the rate of 4%, payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on December 1, 2021. The SID #1 Bonds are subject to a mandatory sinking fund redemption commencing on December 1, 2021. The SID #1 Bonds are subject to Extraordinary Mandatory Redemption by prepaid SID special assessments received to the nearest integral multiple of \$1.

The SID #1 Bonds are payable solely from and to the extent of (a) the Special Assessments from the SID #1 fund and (b) any other legally available moneys that the District determines to use for payment. The ad valorem property tax is not pledged to the payment of the SID #1 Bonds and the SID #1 Bond holders do not have any claim to such revenue.

<u>Special Assessment Revenue Bonds, Series 2021 – SID #2 –</u> On July 22, 2021, the District issued \$4,175,000 of Special Assessment Revenue Bonds, Series 2021 ("the SID #2 Bonds"), for the purpose of financing the acquisition of public infrastructure specially benefiting property within the District. The SID #2 Bonds bear interest at the rate of 4%, payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on June 1, 2022. The SID #1 Bonds are subject to a mandatory sinking fund redemption commencing on December 1, 2022. The SID #2 Bonds are subject to Extraordinary Mandatory Redemption by prepaid SID special assessments received to the nearest integral multiple of \$1.

The SID #2 Bonds are payable solely from and to the extent of (a) the Special Assessments from the SID #2 fund and (b) any other legally available moneys that the District determines to use for payment. The ad valorem property tax is not pledged to the payment of the SID #2 Bonds and the Series #2 Bond holders do not have any claim to such revenue.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

The following is a summary of the annual long-term debt principal and interest requirements.

	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	188,530	346,049	534,579
2023	253,621	281,160	534,781
2024	263,110	271,015	534,125
2025	273,557	260,490	534,047
2026	284,962	249,548	534,510
2027-2031	1,604,325	1,067,533	2,671,858
2032-3036	1,952,909	719,768	2,672,677
2037-2040	2,396,513	275,462	2,671,975
	7,217,527	3,471,025	10,688,552

Note 5: Debt Authorization

On November 7, 2006, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$15,500,000. On November 2, 2010, the voters of the SID authorized use of special assessments to repay such debt. As of December 31, 2021, the District had remaining voted debt authorization of approximately \$4,500,000. However, per the District's Service Plan, the District cannot issue debt in excess of \$11,000,000. Therefore, as of December 31, 2021, the District did not have any remaining Service Plan Debt authorization.

Note 6: Related Party

Two members of the Board of Directors are employees, owners or are otherwise associated with the Developer and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District. One member is formerly associated with the Developer. Management believes that all potential conflicts, if any, have been disclosed to the Board.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

Note 7: Commitments and Agreements

<u>Infrastructure Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement</u>—On December 2, 2009, the District entered into an agreement with Alpine Mountain Ranch at Steamboat Springs, LLLP ("the Developer") in which the Developer agrees to advance funds for the purpose of construction of infrastructure improvements. The District agrees to reimburse the Developer at 9% per annum simple interest for the advances subject to annual appropriation by the Board. On February 4, 2011, the District accepted \$13,865,081 in infrastructure from the Developer. The developer was paid \$5,869,000 from bond proceeds and contributed assets in the amount of \$3,821,081, the balance of \$4,175,000 will be reimbursed to the Developer as funds become available. During 2021, prior to the issuance of the SID #2 Bonds, the Developer agreed to forgive \$1,494,000 of accrued interest and the Developer was paid \$2,000,000 from the SID #2 bond proceeds. As of December 31, 2021, the balance due to the developer was \$2,175,000 and the accrued interest totaled \$2,517,756.

<u>Out of Service Water Agreement</u> — On June 1, 2007, the District entered into an agreement with the Priest Creek Ranch Owners Association (the "Association") located in Priest Creek Ranch, an area adjacent to the District's boundaries. The District agrees to provide water service to the Association for \$7,500 per year. Commencing June 1, 2012, the fee is adjusted annually for the Consumer Price Index ("CPI") not to exceed 3% per year until 47 homes of the 63 homes have been built. Once that occurs, the water charges will be reassessed.

Note 8: Interfund and Operating Transfers

The transfer of \$2,000 from the General Fund to Debt Service Fund was for the purpose of debt trustee fee payments (See Note 4). The transfer of \$22,016 from the Capital Projects Fund to the Enterprise Fund to was for the purpose of funding capital expenditures. The transfer of \$1,644,970 from the Debt Service Fund to the Capital Projects Fund was to transfer the project funds funded by bond proceeds by the SID #2 Bonds.

Note 9: <u>Tax, Spending and Debt Limitations</u>

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer Bill of Rights ("TABOR"), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Enterprises, defined as government-owned business authorized to issue revenue bonds and receiving less than 10% of annual revenue in grants from all state and local governments combined, are excluded from the provisions of TABOR. The District's management believes a significant portion of its operations qualifies for this exclusion.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

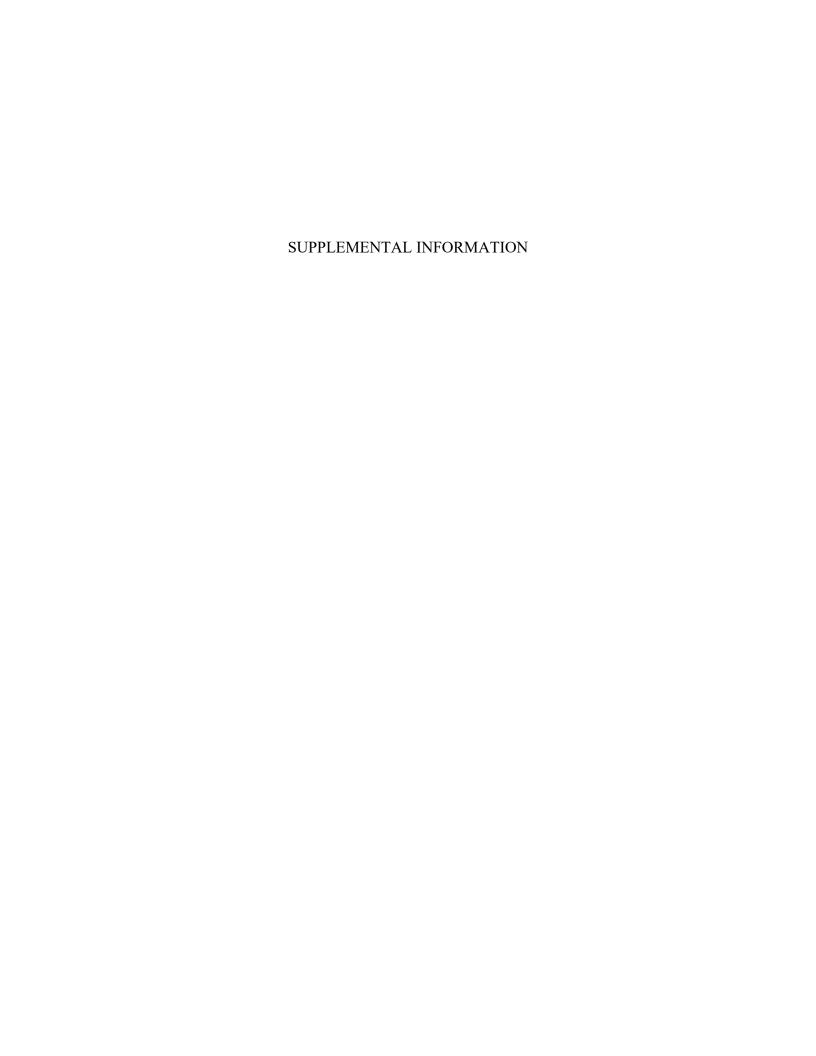
TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

On November 7, 2006, majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all currently levied taxes and fees of the District without regard to any limitations under Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution.

Note 10: Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees or acts of God. The District maintains commercial insurance for all risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past four fiscal years.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Original and <u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES			
Special assessments	\$ 805,531	\$ 1,304,364	\$ 498,833
Interest income	5,000	1,260	(3,740)
Total Revenues	810,531	1,305,624	495,093
EXPENDITURES			
Bond principal	5,126,350	4,684,449	441,901
Bond interest	193,634	303,042	(109,408)
Paying agent fees	2,000	2,000	-
Bond issuance costs	474,700	413,985	60,715
Developer note repayment	3,442,752	2,000,000	1,442,752
Treasurers Fees	20,720	9,000	11,720
Total Expenditures	9,260,156	7,412,476	1,847,680
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
OVER EXPENDITURES	(8,449,625)	(6,106,852)	2,342,773
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Bond proceeds	8,735,000	7,599,000	(1,136,000)
Transfers (to) from other funds	(248,000)	(1,642,970)	(1,394,970)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	8,487,000	5,956,030	(2,530,970)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	37,375	(150,822)	(188,197)
FUND BALANCE:			
BEGINNING OF YEAR	737,997	737,980	(17)
END OF YEAR	\$ 775,372	\$ 587,158	\$ (188,214)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

	Original and		<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES						
HOA contribution Interest income	\$ 36,00	0 :	\$ 65,000 176	\$ 29,000 176		
Total Revenues	36,00	0 _	65,176	29,176		
EXPENDITURES						
Capital improvements	185,00	0	77,385	107,615		
Total Expenditures	185,00	0	77,385	107,615		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(149,00	0)	(12,209)	136,791		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers (to) from other funds	300,00	0	1,622,954	1,322,954		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	300,00	0	1,622,954	1,322,954		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	151,00	0	1,610,745	1,459,745		
FUND BALANCE:						
BEGINNING OF YEAR	26,62	0	75,521	48,901		
END OF YEAR	\$ 177,62	0	\$ 1,686,266	\$ 1,508,646		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) - $PROPRIETARY\ FUND$

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Original and Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:			
Program revenue	\$ 14,529	\$ 14,440	\$ (89)
Tap fees	98,000	147,930	49,930
HOA contribution			_
Total Revenues	112,529	162,370	49,841
Expenditures:			
Augmentation	4,400	4,350	50
Insurance	-	-	-
Utilities	10,500	9,870	630
Water operator services	21,000	21,778	(778)
Repairs and maintenance - equipment	5,000	15,536	(10,536)
Water testing	1,500	1,387	113
Water treatment	2,500	4,000	(1,500)
Professional fees / water rights	1,500	4,157	(2,657)
Capital expenditures		77,016	(77,016)
Total Expenditures	46,400	138,094	(91,694)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over			
Expenditures	66,129	24,276	141,535
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from other funds	(50,000)	22,016	72,016
Total Other Financial Sources (Uses)	(50,000)	22,016	72,016
· · ·			
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues and other			
sources over expenditures and other uses	16,129	46,292	213,551
Funds available - beginning of year	4,541	9,280	4,739
Funds available - end of year	\$ 20,670	\$ 55,572	\$ 218,290
Funds available at December 31, 2020 is comp Current assets Current liabilities	puted as follows: \$	59,425 (3,853) 55,572	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

RECONCILIATION OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGETARY BASIS (ACTUAL) TO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

The following is a reconciliation of the budgetary basis, as presented, to generally accepted accounting principals (GAAP). The basis on which the financial statements were prepared.

Revenue (budgetary basis)	\$ 162,370
Total revenue per statement of revenues, expenses and changes in funds available:	162,370
Expenditures - (budgetary basis)	116,078
Capital improvements	-
Depreciation	163,030
Total expenses per statement of revenues, expenses and changes in	
fund balance:	279,108
Changes in net position per statement of revenue, expenses and changes in	
net position:	\$ (116,738)

SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED December 31, 2021

Prior Year Assessed Valuation

		Valuation or Current							Percent
Year Ended	Yea	ar Property	Mills Levied			Total Pro	pert	ty Tax	Collected
December 31,			General Fund	Debt Service]	<u>Levied</u>	<u>C</u>	ollected	to Levied
2010	\$	217,312	30.000	0.000	\$	6,519	\$	6,519	99.99%
2011	\$	515,056	5.000	0.000	\$	2,575	\$	2,576	100.03%
2012	\$	565,739	5.000	0.000	\$	2,829	\$	2,829	100.01%
2013	\$	861,300	5.000	0.000	\$	4,307	\$	4,307	100.01%
2014	\$	758,290	5.000	0.000	\$	3,791	\$	3,791	99.99%
2015	\$	758,290	5.000	0.000	\$	3,791	\$	3,788	99.91%
2016	\$	816,990	5.000	0.000	\$	4,085	\$	4,085	100.00%
2017	\$	816,990	5.000	0.000	\$	4,085	\$	4,085	100.00%
2018	\$	791,070	5.000	0.000	\$	3,955	\$	4,001	101.15%
2019	\$	901,640	5.000	0.000	\$	4,508	\$	4,508	100.00%
2020	\$	1,483,280	5.000	0.000	\$	7,416	\$	7,416	99.99%
2021	\$	1,576,080	5.000	0.000	\$	7,880	\$	7,880	99.99%
Estimated for year ending December 31,									
2022	\$	9,286,910	5.000	0.000	\$	46,435			

NOTE:

Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied and/or abatements or valuations in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year assessment.